# IN THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE DEMOCRATIC SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF SRI LANKA

In the matter of an application under Section 472 of the Companies Act No. 07 of 2007

Dolphin View (Private) Limited

Kandathoduwa
Palliwasalpadu
Kottanthivu 61252
Puttalam District
Mundel D.S's Division

**Petitioner** 

Case No: CA/APN/MISC/04/2015

#### Vs,

- The Registrar of Companies
   Department of Registrar of Companies
   No. 400D, D.R.Wijewardena Mawatha
   Colombo 10
- Mathias Josef Bucher
   Dorfstrasse 32, 8835 Feusisberg,
   Switzerland.
- Dana Bucher
   Dorfstrasse 32, 8835 Feusisberg,
   Switzerland.
- Ananda Sirisena and Company (Pvt.) Ltd. 341/2, Dalupitiya nRoad, Mahara, Kadawata.
- Kehibella Lanka (private) Ltd. Kandathoduwa
   Palliwasalpadu
   Kothanthivu 61252
   Puttalam District
   Mundel D.S's Division.

Respondents

**Before** 

: Vijith K. Malalgoda PC. J (P/CA) &

S. Thurairaja PC. J

Counsel

: Rehan Almeida for the Petitioner

Chathura Weththasinghe for the 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3rd, 4th & 5<sup>th</sup> Respondents

M. Jayasinghe, SC for the State

Order on : 2<sup>nd</sup> March 2017

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## **Order**

## S.Thurairaja PC J

The petitioner is a private company incorporated on the 8<sup>th</sup> November 2012 under the Companies Act No. 07 of 2007. The Petitioner claims that the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> Respondents are foreign nationals and directors of the Petitioner's Company.

On the 28<sup>th</sup> March 2013, it was resolved by the board of directors to issue 310,000 shares to the 5<sup>th</sup> respondent. It is further claimed that the 5<sup>th</sup> respondent had paid Rs. 3,100,000 to the petitioner. The petitioner submits that they have fulfilled all necessary requirements and followed normal procedures.

The petitioner claims that its Company secretary who is the 5<sup>th</sup> respondents had informed to the 1<sup>st</sup> respondent Registrar of companies to transfer the shares to 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> respondents it appears it was communications in on the 5<sup>th</sup> April 2013.

On the 15<sup>th</sup> October 2014, the petitioners had written to the 1<sup>st</sup> respondent that names of transferee are incorrect in the form 6 and to rectify the error by entering the name of the 5<sup>th</sup> respondent. According to the petitioners the 1<sup>st</sup> respondent had informed the petitioner on the 9<sup>th</sup> July 2015 that F6 which was filed on 5<sup>th</sup> April 2013 was already registered and it cannot be corrected. Aggrieved with the said order the petitioner filed the Miscellaneous Application to direct the 1<sup>st</sup> respondent to correct the erroneous entry.

Section 472 of the Companies Act No. 07 of 2007 states as follows:

- (1) A person who is aggrieved by an act or decision of the Registrar may appeal to the court <u>within fifteen working days</u> after the date of receiving notice of the act or decision, or such further time as the court may allow.
- (2) The court may on an appeal made under this section, confirm, revise, modify or set aside the act or decision against which the appeal is made and make any order as the interest of justice may require. (emphasis added)

The Section is very clear on time line. It is stated as 15 working days. The petitioner had delayed more than 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  years to communicate with the 1<sup>st</sup> respondent for a correct the entry.

Comparing the new Companies Act companies with the previous act, I am of the view the new act is more systematic and regularised the activities of companies. Time is the most important factor in the commercial world. Hence time lines must be followed strictly, if there is a reasonable delay if it is properly explained the court can consider of extending the timeline.

In the present application the petitioner submits that these Directors were living overseas and they were travelling, therefore they were unable to communicate and contact.

In this modern Information Communication Technology world with all types of communication tools and methodologies, these explanations defiantly undermine the knowledge of any reasonable person.

Further granting such a long time period for the petitioner, will harm the efficiency of the Companies Act and also it will open flood gate to violate the time frames stipulated in the said Act.

Considering the Companies Act all material facts before the court, I find the petitioner does not qualify for an order as prayed in the prayer.

Court refuses to grant any order.

Application dismissed.

### JUDGE OF THE COURT OF APPEAL

Vijith K. Malalgoda PC J (P/CA)

PRESIDENT OF THE COURT OF APPEAL