IN THE COURT OF APPEAL OF THE DEMOCRATIC SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF SRI LANKA

M. Dharmawardena

PETITIONER

C.A 645/2008(Writ)

Vs.

 Director General of Customs Sri Lanka Customs Colombo 1.

And 5 others

RESPONDENTS

BEFORE:

Sathya Hettige P.C. J. (P/C.A) &

Anil Gooneratne J.

COUNSEL:

J. Joseph for the Petitioner

M.N.B. Fernando D.S.G for Respondents

ARGUED ON:

20.07.2010

WRITTEN SUBMISSIONS FILED ON:

21.09.2010 (Petitioner) 19.11.2010 (Respondents)

DECIDED ON:

03.03.2011

GOONERATNE J.

A writ of Certiorari/ Prohibition and Mandamus has been sought by the Petitioner with regard to orders made at a Customs inquiry. Certiorari is sought to quash detention notice (X8). The said notice indicates that one unit backhoe wheel loader bearing No. 3CX4/412906 has been seized on 22.5.2008; writ of prohibition is also sought to prevent disposing or aliening backhoe loader bearing No. S/N 412905 and Mandamus to release the above backhoe loader on payment of due Customs charges.

The Petitioner's position briefly is that she left the country on 15.8.2007 having given a Power of Attorney (x4) in favour of Rohini Dharmawardena. Petitioner purchased on two commercial invoices used auto parts and used back hoe loader from Gold Seal International Trading Company U.K. Shipment arrived on 27.8.2007. The Power of Attorney holder collected the Bill of Lading and commercial invoice from the Seylan Bank on 17.8.2007 and given it to the 5th Respondent. The 5th Respondent submitted the customs declaration on 27.8.2007 declaring only used auto parts without including used back hoe loader. In the statement of the 5th Respondent dated 18.10.2007 it is admitted that the Petitioner sent documents to clear the Cargo Invoice P15 has not been declared by the 5th

Respondent on P4. Explanation is that due to an oversight P15 was not declared in P4. Petitioner had given evidence at the inquiry and admitted her signature in P4, but was not in the country on 27.8.2007. (vide X1, X5, X5a) serial No given in P15is 409606 whereas the correct No. is 3CX4/4 12905.

The Respondent rejects the contention of the Petitioner and takes up the position that Back hoe loader was not declared in the CUSDEC by the importer and as such liable for forfeiture. At the inquiry importer had given evidence and stated she signed the cus-dec-vide inquiry proceedings of 08.04.2008 and evidence of Petitioner, 1R5 & 1R5A.

I would at this point incorporate the following facts as adverted by the Respondents.

- On 26th August 2007, M/V Uniprosper arrived in the Colombo Port and it had a container addressed to the Petitioner said to container construction equipment. Even after 5 weeks of arrival of the vessel, as the cargo was not cleared, on 5th October 2007 investigation commenced based on intelligence of possible contravention of statutory laws and regulations.
- 2. On 08th October 2007 a detention notice (1R1) was issued and on 11th October 2007, a Custom Declaration (P2A) dated 27th August 2007 was received at the Customs Preventive Office, declaring used motor spare parts and a used body shell together with an invoice (P5/P16). Since the quantity, gross weight and freight charge reflected in the documents were found doubtful viz-a-viz the detained container, the 4th Respondent made further investigations and found another invoice (P15) with the representative who tendered the documents.

- 3. On 12th October 2007 the container was scanned. Since it revealed an object similar to a backhoe loader a detailed examination of the container was on 12th October 2007 the container was scanned. Since it revealed an object similar to a backhoe loader a detailed examination of the container was ordered in the presence of the consignee on 18th October 2007. At the said examination it was revealed that the quantity declared and the quantity physically available was different and specifically the JCB machine found therein was not declared. Therefore statements were recorded from the Consignee/Petitioner and Custom House Agent etc and steps were taken to collect the commercial invoices pertaining to the consignment.
- 4. On 22nd October 2007 the goods were valued and summons were issued on the Petitioner and the Customs House Agent for an inquiry under Section 8(2) of the Customs Ordinance for 29th November 2007.
- 5. On 08th April 2008 the Petitioner moved to proceed with the inquiry without a counsel and cross-examined the witnesses by herself. On 11th April 2008 charges were framed and consequent to tendering of written submissions on 02nd May 2008 the order was delivered forfeiting the Backhoe loader, Toyota body shell and rear lights and light frames
- 6. On 11th June 2008, the Petitioner paid the penalty and cleared all items excepting the backhoe loader and has now come before Your Lordships' Court with regard to the forfeiture and detention of same.

In paragraph 23 of the Amended Petition several grounds are suggested by the Petitioner for the issuance of the writs sought in this application. When we consider all the relevant facts it is apparent that item 11 of report 1R4 bears serial Nos. The backhoe loader was not declared as

required by law. Several excuses made in that regard seems to be unacceptable. To blame the Agent is no excuse. Petitioner is the importer and the signatory to the Cus Dec. (1R5 & 1R5A) Lame excuses as suggested by the Petitioner does not lend any support to fortify the case of the Petitioner. In fact the Petitioner has paid the penalty and cleared part of the goods and non-disclosure of back hoe loader is not denied. I cannot conclude that x8 order is illegal. The forfeiture took place for non-disclosure which was not denied by the Petitioner. No proper acceptable reasons were adduced by the Petitioner to grant relief for her. Further I cannot also infer mala fides on the part of the $1^{\rm st}-4^{\rm th}$ Respondents, and documents not produced before the Customs Department Inquiring Officer cannot be considered by this Court.

In all the above circumstances we dismiss this application without costs.

JUDGE OF THE COURT OF APPEAL

Sathya Hettige J.

I agree.

PRESIDENT OF THE COURT OF APPEAL